What makes up your digital footprint? Who can access the content you share online? How can you make sure funny pictures aren’t taken out of context and used against you?

Social media sites make photo sharing easy, and following friends’ photos can be a great way to keep in touch. But sharing can be so easy that photos intended for close friends may be shared online without full consideration of who else might eventually access them. Many of us have been told — or have cautioned others — not to share anything that we wouldn’t want aired on national television. But for some people, this is more than just a thought experiment: It becomes a reality. Today’s case focuses on photo sharing and digital footprints, raising questions about what you need to know to talk to your child about their online photo sharing and footprints.

**Key Vocabulary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>digital footprint</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A digital footprint is a record of everything an individual does online, including the content they upload. Every time you go online, you leave a footprint that can be searched, shared and seen by a large invisible audience. All of your actions online — and all of the content that you share or that others share about you — creates your digital footprint. Online, information can migrate, persist, and resurface years later.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Case**

Watch the clip from The Ellen DeGeneres Show (“You posted that on Facebook?”). In this segment, Ellen shows embarrassing pictures of her audience members that she found on Facebook.

[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SCaKuAdKumA](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SCaKuAdKumA)
Consider

- In one word, what is your reaction to the clip? What were you feeling while you watched the segment?
- What do you think of Ellen’s decision to do this segment on her show? Is it okay? Why or why not?
- What kinds of content would you be embarrassed to have broadcasted in this way (for yourself or for your child)?
- At the end of the clip, Ellen shows embarrassing pictures of Megan. Megan is in the audience with her mom, who doesn’t follow Megan on Facebook. How would you feel if you saw learned about something your child did because of what someone else saw on Facebook? Does this seem like a realistic possibility?
- Megan’s friend who is also in the picture did not choose to share it and did not even go to the show, yet her embarrassing photo was also shared publicly. How can we manage what pictures other share?
- There are so many platforms for easy photo sharing. Have you ever had a conversation with your child about photo sharing? Are there any grey areas or do you see the question of what to share/not share as a “black and white” issue?
- How can we support kids in a world with new and shifting privacy norms? What role can parents play?

Today’s social media makes photo sharing easy. Kids love to follow friends’ photos, share casual moments visually, and simply stay in touch. However, kids don’t always think through what they post. Photos they thought were private can easily go public. Likewise, their choice of photos can affect others as well. Together, discuss the importance of showing respect to oneself and others when sharing photos online.

• Set boundaries together.
  Discuss your family’s values and expectations around photo sharing. Photos that show illegal behavior (for example, underage drinking or texting while driving) are clearly a no-go. But agreeing where to draw the line on certain other photos — for example, pictures of your daughter in her bikini or your son making a rude gesture to the camera — may pose a challenge. Start by discussing the possible consequences of posting these types of pictures. How will they affect your kids’ reputation? Remind your kids that once they post a picture online, it’s out of their control — such photos could be seen by a friend’s parent, a college admissions counselor, or a future employer. Online content is easily searchable and often ends up in hands of those we didn’t intend it for. And it is easily taken out of context. Lastly, it also is permanent, meaning it can resurface at any time.

• Remind your kids to consider the impact of a photo on the people in the picture.
  It may not be realistic to expect your kids to get everyone’s permission before they upload an image, but it’s a worthy goal. When they’re about to upload a picture that someone has just snapped, encourage them to stop and ask, “Hey — I’m going to put this on Instagram, is that okay with everyone?” Ask your kid to think honestly if every person in the photograph would be comfortable with the photo going online. If she misjudges and someone asks her to take a photo down, tell her it is her responsibility to remove the photograph. The best way to drive this concept home is to set an example. If you want to upload a photo of your child from a recent family vacation, first ask permission to do so or ask for her feedback. This can also offer a great opportunity to model this type of respect with your child.

• Encourage your kid to talk face-to-face with a person who posts an unflattering photo.
  Online photo sharing is a part of our world today, and opting out is unlikely. Even if your kids choose not to share photos online, their friends might upload photos of them. But it can be difficult to ask others not to post or to take down photographs. If your child is struggling with what to say, you can offer the following as an example, “Hey, I already untagged myself from the photo you put up, but I was wondering if you would be okay with taking it down. It’s not my favorite picture and I’d rather if it wasn’t on [Facebook/Instagram/etc.]. I’d really appreciate it.” It may be helpful to have the conversation offline, face-to-face, so that it doesn’t end up further perpetuating a digital problem.
When Vin snapchatted his friend an embarrassing picture of himself — he hadn’t expected that his friend would take a screenshot of the picture and upload it to Facebook. He didn’t want to seem uptight, but he was pretty embarrassed that the picture was posted for all to see. He texted his friend, “Not cool, man. Take it down.” His screen lit up: “hahahah.” Vin texted back, “Nah, I’m not playing, take it off.” His friend wrote back, “Whoa, chill out, I’m just playing” but he didn’t take the picture down. Vin was about to go through recruiting for college sports and while he knew the picture wouldn’t get him in trouble, it wasn’t exactly the image he wanted recruiters to see.

What is your gut reaction to this story?

How do you decide what pictures are okay to share on social media and what pictures should stay offline?

What kinds of pictures do kids screenshot?

Are there any pictures that you wouldn’t mind sharing now but you wouldn’t want attached to your name later in life?

Is it reasonable for Vin to be concerned about the recruiters? What kinds of content do you think the recruiters would or wouldn’t want to see if they searched for Vin online?

What would you do if you were in this situation and your friend refused to take down the picture?